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## SERVICEMANUAL



## 1428-30K series

## COLOR SPECIFICATIONS

## CRT

- From 10 " to 28 " diagonal measure
- P22 phosphor
- Polished faceplate standard (dark - tint, light transmission: 57\%, none glare, deflection angle 90 degree, dot pitch: 0.28-0.82. Optional finer pitches available.


## INPUT SIGNALS

- Video: Red, Green, Blue separate input Impedance: 75 ohm, amplitude: $0.7 \mathrm{Vp}-\mathrm{p}$
- Horizontal scan: $31.5 \mathrm{KHz} / 35.5 \mathrm{KHz}$, TTL positive or negative
- Vertical signal: $50-70 \mathrm{~Hz}$


## VIDEO CHARACTERISTICS

- Video bandwidth: 45 MHz
- Power supply: universal (90-250vAC)
- Resolution: VGA/sVGA
- Linear distortion: $10 \%$ max.
- Geometric distortion: 3,0mm max. top/bottom, 4.0 mm max. left/right


## ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

- Operating temp. 0-55 degree C. Complies with UL, CSA and TUVradiation performance standard.



## MECHANICAL

- The 14 " monitor is also available in universal mount brackets. The monitor can be mounted in the user's cabinet horizontally or vertically.
- All the models are available also as a kit - without a frame. Custom frames can be furnished also available in the chassis form adaptable to individual customer requirements.


## USER ADJ. CONTROLS AND ADJUSTMENTS

- HORIZONTAL size, VERTICAL size
- CONTRAST BRIGHTNESS
- VERTICAL center HORIZONTAL phase
- SUB-BRIGHTNESS RASTER center
- SUB-SIZE
- SUB.HORIZ.size
- HORIZONTAL hold
- PINCUSHION

VERTICAL lin.
X-RAY prot.
B+ adj.
GAIN
R,B Gain
PRODUCT SAFETY NOTICE

WARNING: FOR CONTINUED SAFETY REPLACE SAFETY CRITICAL COMPONENTS ONLY WITH MANUFACTURER RECOMMENDED PARTS
AVERTISSEMENT: POUR MAINTENIR LE DEGRE DE SECURITE DE L'APPAREIL NE REMPLACER LES COMPOSANTS DONT LE FONCTIONNEMENT EST CRITIQUE POUR LA SECURITE QUE PAR DES PIECES RECOMMANDEES PAR LE FABRICANT.

## SAFETY PRECAUTION

NOTICE: Comply with all cautions and safety related notes located on or inside the chassis or picture tube. The following precautions should be observed:
1.The design of this product contains special hardware, many circuits and components especially for safety purposes.
2. For continous protection, no changes should be made to the original design unless authorized in writing by manufacturer.
3.Any design alterations or additions will void the manufacturer's warranty and will further relieve the manufacturer of responsability for personal injury or property damage resulting there from.
4. Many electrical and mechanical parts in display sets have special safety related characteristics. These characteristics are often not evident from visual inspection nor can the protection afforded by them necessarily be obtained by using replacement components rated for higher voltage, wattage, current etc.
5. If severe arcing occurs, remove AC power immediately and determine the cause by visual inspection (incorect installation, cracked or melted HV harness, poor soldering, broken wires etc.)
6. No modification of any circuit should be attemted. Service work should only performed after you are throughly familiar with all of the safety check.
7.Do not place the monitor on unstable surface. If the product should fall, it may become seriously damaged and, more importantly, may cause injuries to the user.
8.Follow all wanings and instructions marked on the product.

## IMPORTANT

Do not check high voltage by drawing an arc. Use a high voltage meter or a high voltage probe with a digital voltage meter.

When service is required, observe the original lead dress. Extra precaution should be given to assure correct lead dress in high voltage circuit area. Where a short circuit has occurred, those components that indicate evidence of overheating should be replaced. Always use original components.
NOTE: Make sure to turn power swich off before making the connection to the Anode Button.

## WARNING

X-RADIATION. Operation of this color monitor under normal conditions will not exceed the $0.5 \mathrm{mR} / \mathrm{h}$ iso-exposer-rate. Be sure that the anode voltage and other tube voltages are adjusted to the recommended values.

SHOCK HAZARD. To remove any residual charge, short the anode contact button, located in the funnel of the tube, to the external conductive coating before handling the tube.

TUBE HANDLING. Tube assembly should never be handled by the tube neck, deflection yoke or other neck components. If suspending the tube assembly from the mounting lugs, ensure that a minimum of two are used.
Under no circumstances suspend the tube assembly from one lug.
To protect the screen when placing the tube face-down, ensure that the tube face rests on a cushion kept free from abrasive substances / or foreign parts.

TUBE REPLACEMENT. This monitor tube incorporates integral X-radiation and implosion protection and must be replaced with the same type number or recommended replacement to assure continued safety.


MAIN PCB, 1428-30K


FIG. 1A

* VR CONTROL INFORMATION
* CONNECTORS INFORMATION
* PRINCIPAL SECTIONS AREA

KRISTEL 100-100-1428-30K PCB rev.A with blanking circuit incorporated.

MAIN PCB, 1428-30K


## VIDEO PCB CONNECTION INFORMATION \& PRINCIPAL SECTIONS AREA



CRT BOARD - ver.1.1 200-200-1564

## VIDEO PCB - ABNO2CX /autobias/ INFORMATION \& PRINCIPAL SECTIONS AREA




## AUTOMATIC BIASING VIDEO SYSTEM

## PURPOSE

The purpose of the system is to establish and maintain a constant and correct black level (cutoff level) on the CRT screen, without the need for manually adjusting the biasing of the individual video amplifiers. This has the advantage of greatly simplifying the initial setup, plus maintaining the biasing conditions throughout the life of the CRT as it ages. It also eliminates the need for individual red, green, and blue bias potentiometers, and even a brightness control. The Automatic Biasing System is integrated into the video amplifier system.

## OVERVIEW OF OPERATION

The system works by sending a DC correction to each of the video amplifiers, in response to cathode current changes resulting from a fixed step in G1 voltage. During a setup and sampling period after vertical retrace, a fixed step is applied to the G1 grid, while the three cathodes are held steady. When bias conditions are correct, this voltage step results in a small step in cathode current for each gun. This step produces a faint horizontal line at the top of the screen, visible if the vertical size is set low enough.

## OPERATION DESCRIPTION

Video System: The basic video system consists of a three-channel video processor IC201, and three video output stages (Q205, Q202, Q206, and Q207 comprise the Red Video Output stage). The Automatic Biasing System adds a Bias Control Processor, IC202, plus Beam Current Buffers IC203B-D, a G1 control circuit IC203A, and clamping circuits. IC201 contains three video preamplifiers with DCcontrolled gain and DC clamping. IC202 contains timing circuits, sample-and-hold circuits, and buffers.

The three video channels are identical, so only the Red channel will be described in detail. The Red video input signal is terminated by R201, and is delivered to the input of IC201 at pin 4 through R274 and AC coupling capacitor C201. Pin 11 supplies a DC bias level for the video input signal through R204.

IC201 increases the 0.7 V p-p nominal video input level to about 2.7 V p-p at pin 25 , which then drives the base of Q202. The exact amount of gain is determined by the DC level on pin 12, the Contrast control input. This DC level controls the gain of all three video channels simultaneously.
Q202 and Q205 operate as a cascode video output amplifier, with a gain of about 15 . The video swing at Q205's collector is about 40V p-p. Q206 and Q207 operate as a buffer, driving the red CRT cathode through R242.
Q201 is driven by a horizontal retrace signal, and supplies a negative-going clamping pulse to IC201 pin 14. This provides DC restoration for the video signal by forcing the output of the video processor, IC201 pin 25 , to the same DC voltage as on pin 24, during horizontal retrace time.


PURPLE: Power Supply Section RED: Sync.Processing Section BLUE: Vertical Section

GREEN: Horizontal Output Section
YELLOW: HV Section (FBT)
CORAL: Electronic Width Control


TOP OVERLAY KRISTEL / 100-100-1428-30K PCB

SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM CRT BOARD
model: 200-200—1564
USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH 1428-30k pcb


NOTE
All marked area with red square is subject to be changed accordingly with the model of the CRT and the characteristics of the deflection yoke existing on the CRT.
Actual schematics is not refered as autobias video board.

BLOCK DIAGRAM 100-100-1428-30K


CHARACTERISTICS of potentiometers:


REMOTE CONTROL BLOCK / SIX CONTROLS or FIVE CONTROLS (AB)

## POWER SUPPLY - CIRCUIT DESCRIPTION / guide for switching power supply and components.

## 1.POWER CIRCUIT

## FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM

Switching Power Supply

The power circuit includes the lines filter, input rectifier circuit, start up, current-mode control and OVP. Please refer to the circuit diagram.


### 1.1 LINE FILTER CIRCUIT

The line filter circuit is comprised of C501, C502 and L501. This line filter tends to reduce the noise of conducted EMI from monitor into the power line.

### 1.2 INPUT RECTIFIER CIRCUIT

The input rectifier circuit is comprised of BD501 and C505. BD501 and C505 is a full - wave mode rectifier. L501 is used to reduce the surge current while the power supply is turned on.

### 1.3 START UP CIRCUIT

The resistor R502 provides the start-up current of IC501. The turn-on and turn-off thresholds of under voltage lockout circuit in IC501 are set up internally at 16 vDC respectively. To start up, C506 must be charged to 16 vDC with a current of $0.3 \mathrm{~mA}-0.5 \mathrm{~mA}$ which depends on the IC501 start-up current characteristics and R502 resistor value.

### 1.4 CURRENT MODE CONTROL OPERATION

When Vcc of IC501 pin 7 is charged to more than 16 V , there is a square wave on the output pin 6 which can be adjusted to peak +/- Amp. for driving the gate of Q501. The current-mode sensing resistor R513 senses the primary current wave in order to control the current-mode PWM and limit the total output power. Pin 2 and pin 1 is an error AMP section. IC501 detects the output voltage while the line voltage and load current change.

### 1.5 OVP CIRCUIT

ZD502 is the OVP circuit (over voltage protection). If an over voltage condition exists the ZD502 will shut down IC501.

Per above related considerations a switching power supply is a relatively complex circuit (see functional block diagram). It is apparent here that the heart of the supply is really the high frequency inverter. It is here that the work of chopping the rectified line at the high frequency $(20-200 \mathrm{kHz})$ is done. Also the line voltage is transformed down to the correct output level. The 60 Hz input line is rectified and filtered by one block and after the inverter steps this voltage down, the output is again rectified and filtered by another.The task of regulating the output voltage is left to the control circuit which closes the loop from the output to the inverter.


## 2. SYNCHRONOUS PROCESSING CIRCUIT

IC 801 circuit (WT8041), a sychronous signal processor of multi-sync, is capapble of many functions such as the horizontal and vertical frequency discrimination, display mode selection and synchronous pulse polarity detection. Pin 15 and pin 16 work as a clock generating circuit. Output pin 4 is active high while pin 5 is active low, fixed polarity and have the same pulse width as the original horizontal and vertical sync. signal. Pin 7 works as a frequency discrimination which is active low. Pin 9 and 14 work as mode selector which controls output. These output pins are to control Vsize, Hphase and Hosc of every display mode.

## 3 HORIZONTAL / VERTICAL PROCESSOR

The IC 601 is a combination horizontal and vertical processor.
The vertical SYNC is applied to pin 14 of IC601. Oscillation is determined by C306, R303 and C305. The saw-tooth pulse generator built inside the IC can generate saw-tooth signal through a buffer stage to pin 15 .


## 6. H-SIZE CONTROL and PIN COMPENSATION

The control of picture width and side pincushion compensation is achieved through changing the source voltage of the horizontal deflection circuit. There's need for some components to build a diode modulator. This circuit consist of C620, L602, C611, D602, D610 and H-DY.
The parabolic wave is fed to the base of Q303 via double integrated circuit wich can generate a side pincushion compensation wave. The H-width control voltage and parabolic wave are amplified by Q304 and Q306, then they are fed to the diode modulator for controlling the source voltage of the horizontal deflection circuit.


ELECTRONIC WIDTH CONTROL / schematic.

## 7. VIDEO AMPLIFIER CIRCUIT

The video circuit includes: video processing IC201 and video amplifier circuit (Q211, Q205 and Q208). The analog video processor IC201 includes gain control and DC restoration. Video signals RGB are input through the coupling capacitorsC206, C205, C204 and than sent to IC201.
A cascode circuit is used to amplify each $\mathrm{R}, \mathrm{G}, \mathrm{B}$ channel. The value for channel gain is calculated by collector and emitter resistances. The L205, L204 and L205 are series peaking inductors.
The output amplifier circuit stage, consisting of Q202, Q205, Q206 and Q205 is used to amplify video signal to $40 \mathrm{Vp}-\mathrm{p}$ and is represent one of the R,G, B channels.
SG202, SG201 and SG203 respectively R252 and R253 are arc protection components which protect electrical components when CRT arc condition occurs.

## 8. CRT TECHNICAL DATA / CHUNGHWA 14"/



```
(1) PANEL
(1) PANEL 
(4) FUNNEL
(5) RUBBER WEDGE
(6) CANCELLATIIDN CDILLMPRII TYPE)
(7) DEFLECTION YOKE (MPRII TYPE) (14) NECK
(8) & (17) TERMINAL BLARD
(10) 4-PQLE CONVERGENCE MAGNET (R/B)
(11) 6-PGLE CONVERGENCE MAGNET (R/G)
(12) LEAD WIRE LENGTH
(13) PLUG
(15) BASE
(16) PIN
```

1. MAXIMUM AND MINIMUM RATINGS (Design maximum values)

Unless otherwise specified, voltage values are for each gun and are positive with respect to Grid No. 1.

```
Anode voltage ............................................ KV
                    Min. 20.0 KV
Total anode current, long-term average .... Max. 450 uA
Grid No.3 (focusing eletrode) voltage ..... Max. 10 KY
Grid No.2 peak voltage, including video
    signal voltage .....................................000 Y
    Cathode voltage
    Positive bias value ..................... Max. 400 V
    Positive operating cutoff value ......... Max. 200 V
    Negative bias value ........................................
    Negative peak value ..................................
Heater voltage (AC or DC)
    Under operating conditions ............... 6.3 V
    Heater current ................................ 600 mA }\pm10
Peak heater cathode voltage
    Heater negative respect to cathode
        During equipment warm-up period
        not exceeding 15 seconds ............ Max. 350 V
        After equipment warm-up period ...... Max. 200 V
    Heater positive with respect
        to cathode ............................... AC max. 200 V
                                    DC max. 0 V
```

NOTE: a. Absolute maximum rating system.
b. For optimum emission stability and cathode life, it is recommended that
the heater supply be regulated at 6.3 V .


DIMENTIONAL OUTLINE / CHUNGHWA 14" CRT /


## base specifications



## GENERAL ADJUSTMENT

## FACTORY SPECIFICATION

Unless being specified, "Factory spec." means the final adjustment made by the operator in the factory. This adjustment is intended to be close to the standard display characteristics.

## TEST SIGNAL

R,G,B video signals are identical and specified signals for standard VGA mode of 480 lines.
WARM-UP TIME
Minimum 15 minutes is required for warming up the monitor. Direction CRT faces East. Ambient lighting environment: 400 to 600 lux.

AMBIENT TEMPERATURE
$25^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(77^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\right)$
TESTING MODE
$640 \times 480$ / 800x600 upon request;
TOOLS and TEST EQUIPMENT Required

- miniature flat screw driver
- plastic Hex wrench
- ass't clips and $1 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50 \mathrm{v}$ capacitor
- external degaussing coil
- color analyzer / recommended: MINOLTA CA-100 /
- IBM / PC compatible
- digital multimeter


1428-30k series

- CRT diagnostic software included in Kristel 3.5" diskette
- hipot tester
- video generator
- TEST Bezel - fixture model / depending on customer availability


## PROCEDURE

$\Rightarrow$ Apply AC recommended power and video signal from customer supplied generator or use IBM compatible computer
$\Rightarrow$ Adjust screen control (FBT) to be able to view screen $\&$ focus control to best possible setting.
$\Rightarrow$ Convergence: some fine adjustment with pre-mated yokes to CRT can be achieved with magnetic tabs (see instructions and theoretical considerations - how to provide a best convergence.
$\Rightarrow$ Adjust B+ from VR501 / per CRT requirement:

- connect the positive lead of multimeter to D508, negative to chassis
- adjust VR 501 to obtain the voltage resulted from the spec. of the CRT
$\Rightarrow$ Select crosshatch pattern from video source / 31.5 KHz ( 640 x 480 )
$\Rightarrow$ Vertical linearity adjustment: adjust VR310 to allow no more than 3.0 mm max. misadjustment.
$\Rightarrow$ Vertical size is performed from VR309 remote control potentiometer
$\Rightarrow$ Width size adj. is performed from VR307 and VR501. maximum attention for heater voltage / maximum permissible value must be between 5.9-6.5vDC /
$\Rightarrow$ Horizontal raster centering is performed from VR604
$\Rightarrow$ Horizontal Phase adjustment:
- input 31.5 kHz timing with crosshatch pattern
- adjust VR604 to center the picture per specs.
$\Rightarrow$ Pincushion adjustment: VR304 and VR301
- input $31.5 \mathrm{kHz}(640 \mathrm{x} 480)$ timing with crosshatch pattern
- adjust VR304 and 301 to obtain the best pincushion pattern
$\Rightarrow$ Focus adjustment:
- display any character all over the screen, set contrast in max. and brightness in cut off position. Adjust focus for best resolution possible.
$\Rightarrow$ Horizontal Oscillating Frequency, connect a capacitor $10 \mu \mathrm{~F} / 50$ volt, to Hsync from video PCB to GND, than adjust VR601 till the sync slash blanking bar is vertically stable possible after that remove the jumper
$\Rightarrow$ Background white balance adjustment:
- set all bias VR's $(204,205$ and 206$)$ to max. and let the raster to be invisible
- display black pattern (all video signals are disable) and adjust SCREEN VR,
- as soon as the raster appears, check out which color (red, green or blue) comes out first
- adjust bias VR of the other 2 colors to get gray raster
- adjust SCREEN (from FBT) to let the gray raster no larger than 1FT - L
$\Rightarrow$ White balance adjustment:
- use color analyzer photometer, display center block patern, set the brightness to minimum than adjust the contrast VR to let brightness to be 35 FL and RGB balanced per Minolta reading.
$\Rightarrow$ X-RAY protection seeting: VR602
- input $31.5 \mathrm{kHz}(640 \times 489)$ with crosshatch pattern
- connect the positive lead of multimeter to ZD601 (+)
- adjust VR 604 to obtain a $3.5-5.4 \mathrm{vDC}$ reading
$\Rightarrow$ Purity adjustment:
- is associated with convergence alignment / see procedure - required previous experience/
- display magenta color pattern
- adjust the purity magnet so that the picture is in magenta color. By turning two overlapping pawls in opposite directions, move them until they are at the same angle, 9 o'clock and 3 o'clock respectively. / as shown in fig. 1 /
- for static convergence adj. / as shown in fig. 2 and fig. 3 / follow the next steps:
a/ display magenta crosshatch pattern
b/ open the two pawls of the 4-pole magnets to allow the red and blue vertical line to unite c/ open and rotate the two pawls at a constant angle so that the red and blue horizontal lines can unite
$\mathrm{d} /$ if the vertical line deviates, open the two pawls at the deviation position and make a minor adjustment by changing its angle.
e/ display cross hatch pattern
f / make the red and blue vertical lines at the center unite whith the green by opening the two 6-pole pawls.
g / rotate the two pawls at constant angle so that red and blue horizontal libes can unite with the green.
f / if the vertical lines deviate, change the angle of pawls from the deviation pos.

CONVERGENCE and PURITY


FIG. 1


FIG. 2


Beam migration in application of 4 -pole magnets.


Beammigration in application of 6 -pole magnets.


Beammigration in application of 4-pole magnets rolated.


Beam migration in application of 6-pole magnels rolated.

MORE INFORMATION regarding convergence and purity:

All of the following procedures have been performed at the factory and should require no further attention. If the monitor is serviced for any reason, it should be observed afterward to determine whether any of these procedures need to be performed again.

## OUTLINE OF CONVERGENCE AND SET-UP PROCEDURE

DEGAUSSING: Demagnetize the shadow mask and all surrounding metal parts with an external degaussing coil.
PURITY: Adjust the purity magnets and the yoke position.
STATIC CONVERGENCE: Converge Red and Blue on Green in the center of the screen
DYNAMIC CONVERGENCE: Converge Red and Blue at the edges of the screen.
WHITE BALANCE: Set Gray and White brightness tracking
NOTE: Purity and convergence adjustment interact.

## DEGAUSSING

The monitor is equipped with an automatic degaussing circuit. However, if the CRT shadow mask has become excessively magnetized, it may be necessary to degauss it with a manual coil. Do not switch the coil OFF while the raster shows any effect from the coil.

## COLOR PURITY ADJUSTMENT

1 For best results, it is recommended that the purity adjustment be made in the final monitor location. If the monitor will be moved, perform this adjustment with it facing west or east. The monitor must have been operating 15 minutes prior to this procedure.
2 On picture tubes with a 22.5 mm neck diameter, set the ring assembly on the CRT neck with the center line of the purity ring-pair over the gap between grids No. 5 and 6.

3 Make certain that the magnetic ring-pairs are in their correct starting positions before beginning this procedure. The correct startina position for the purity ring-pair is not necessarily

The correct starting position will vary from rıng assemblies from one manufacturer to another. It will be necessary to determine the correct starting position-also known as the zero correction position.
Figure shows a ring assembly in which each of the rings of the purity ring-pair has two tabs-one long and one short. With some ring assemblies of this type, the zero correction position is with the long tab of one ring aligned with the short tab of the other ring. On other ring assemblies of this type, the zero correction position is with the long tab of one ring aligned with the long tab of the other ring. The way to determine which is which is by trying one of these orientations and then rotating the two rings together, as a pair, without changing their orientation with respect to each other. If this rotation of the ring-pair causes no change in the purity, then it is the zero correction position. If the purity does change, then try the other orientation


## TROUBLE SHOOTING GUIDE

1.1 NO VIDEO

1.2 VERTICAL DEFLECTION


1.4 PINCUSHION ADJUSTMENT

1.5 NO PICTURE

1.6 FOCUS ADJUSTMENT


BILL OF MATERIAL

| CRT BOARD 欴式自找（850－11N－1735） |  |  | April 09，1997 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Past No． | Description | Quantity | Location |
| 200－200－1564 | CRT BOARD | 1 |  |
| 210－122－0856 | RES．1．2K1／8W，J TAP | 1 | R213 |
| 210－182－0856 | RES．1．8K1／8W，J TAP | 1 | R211 |
| 210－102－0256 | RES．1K1／2W，J TAP | 1 | R252 |
| 210－102－0856 | RES． $1 \mathrm{Kl} 1 / 8 \mathrm{~W}, \mathrm{~J}$ TAP | 2 | R207，R273 |
| 210－105－0456 | RES．1M1／4W，J TAP | 3 | R241，R245，R249 |
| 210－472－0856 | RES．4．7K1／8W，J TAP | 2 | R208，R282 |
| 210－562－0456 | RES．5．6K1／4W，J TAP | 3 | R232，R235，R238 |
| 210－822－0856 | RES． $8.2 \mathrm{Kl} 1 / 8 \mathrm{~W}, \mathrm{~J}$ TAP | 1 | R212 |
| 210－103－0256 | RES．10K1／2W，J TAP | 1 | R253 |
| 210－103－0856 | RES．10K1／8W，J TAP | 3 | R204，R205，R206 |
| 210－303－0456 | RES． $30 \mathrm{~K} 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, \mathrm{~J}$ TAP | 3 | R240，R244，R248 |
| 210－330－0856 | RES． $33 \mathrm{HI} / 8 \mathrm{~W}, \mathrm{~J}$ TAP | 3 | R217，R222，R228 |
| 210－470－0456 | RES． $47 \mathrm{Hl} / 4 \mathrm{~W}, \mathrm{~J}$ TAP | 3 | R231，R234，R237 |
| 210－470－0856 | RES． $47 \mathrm{HI} / 8 \mathrm{~W}, \mathrm{~J}$ TAP | 2 | R223，R224 |
| 210－101－0256 | RES． $100 \mathrm{H} 1 / 2 \mathrm{~W}, \mathrm{~J}$ TAP | 1 | R229 |
| 210－101－0856 | RES． $100 \mathrm{H1/8W}$ ，J TAP | 1 | R220 |
| 210－221－0256 | RES． $220 \mathrm{Hl} / 2 \mathrm{~W}, \mathrm{~J}$ TAP | 3 | R242，R246，R250 |
| 210－391－0456 | RES． $390 \mathrm{H1} 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, \mathrm{~J}$ TAP | 3 | R239，R243，R247 |
| 210－391－0856 | RES $390 \mathrm{H1/8W}, \mathrm{~J}$ TAP | 8 | R214，R215，R218，R219 |
|  |  |  | R225，R226，R271，R272 |
| 210－750－0856 | RES．7511／8W，J TAP | 3 | R201，R202，R203 |
| 210－560－0856 | RES． $56 \mathrm{H} 1 / 8 \mathrm{~W}, \mathrm{~J}$ TAP | 3 | R216，R221，R227 |
| 520－001－4148 | DIODE．IN4148 TAP | 7 | D201，D202，D203，D214 |
|  |  |  | D215，D216，D217 |
| 521－005－09A2 | ZENER DIODE 9A2 TAP | 1 | ZD201 |
| 745－4R7－1062 | PEAKING 4．7UH TAP | 3 | L203，L204，L205 |
| 745－561－1062 | PEAKING 560UH TAP | 2 | L201，L202 |
| 622－106－0501 | JUMPER 0．6D＊5MM TAP | 3 | J211，J212，J224 |
| 622－106－9101 | JUMPER 0．6D＊7．5MM TAP | 12 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{J} 202, \mathrm{~J} 203, \mathrm{~J} 204, \mathrm{~J} 205, \\ & \mathrm{~J} 210, \mathrm{~J} 215, \mathrm{~J} 218, \mathrm{~J} 226 \end{aligned}$ |
|  |  |  | J228，J231，J240， 3241 |
| 752－001－1035 | BEAT CORE 穿 PIN TAP | 3 | Q215，Q216，Q217 |
| 622－106－1001 | JUMPER 0．6D＊10MM TAP | 6 | J207，J209，J213，J216 |
|  |  |  | J217，5222 |

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| 622－106－9201 | JUMPER 0．6D＊12．5MM TA | 1 | J201 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 622－106－1501 | JUMPER 0．6D＊15MM TAP | 1 | J214 |
| CRT BOARD | 立式自插（850－11T－1735） |  |  |
| 307－104－1580 | CC．0．1UF／50V，Z TAP | 11 | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{C} 211, \mathrm{C} 212, \mathrm{C} 214, \mathrm{C} 215, \\ & \mathrm{C} 204, \mathrm{C} 205, \mathrm{C} 206, \mathrm{C} 250 \\ & \mathrm{C} 225, \mathrm{C} 227, \mathrm{C} 228 \end{aligned}$ |
| 307－103－3570 | CC． $103 \mathrm{Pl} / 500 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{M} \mathrm{TAP}$ | 3 | C231，C233，C235 |
| 308－560－1160 | CC． $56 \mathrm{PF} / 50 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~J}$ NPO TAP | 3 | C221，C222，C223 |
| 300－1R0－0220 | EC．1UF／160V，85C TAP | 3 | C232，C234，C236 |
| 300－4R7－2520 | EC．4．7UF／25V，85C TAP | 4 | C201，C202，C203，C207 |
| 300－100－2520 | EC． $10 \mathrm{UF} / 25 \mathrm{~V}, 85 \mathrm{CTAP}$ | 3 | C224，C226，C229 |
| 300－101－2520 | EC． $100 \mathrm{UF} / 25 \mathrm{~V}, 85 \mathrm{C}$ TAP | 4 | C213，C216，C217，C218 |
| 302－1R0－0220 | NP．1U／160V，85C TAP | 3 | C239，C240，C241 |
| 510－196－102M | TR．KRC102M TAP | 1 | Q219 |
| 510－200－0422 | TR．BF422 TAP | 3 | Q206，Q209，Q212 |
| 510－200－0423 | TR．BF423 TAP | 3 | Q207，Q210，Q213 |
| 510－190－2369 | TR．PH2369 TAP | 3 | Q202，Q203，Q204 |
| CRT BOARD | 手插（851－111－1735） |  |  |
| 213－2R2－2059 | MOF．2．2H2W，J 臥式 | 1 | 251 |
| 215－102－0559 | 水泥䒜阻 1 K 5 W SQZ， J | 3 | R230，R233，R236 |
| 307－103－6572 | CC． $103 \mathrm{PF} / 2 \mathrm{KV}, \mathrm{M}$ | 1 | C238 |
| 307－472－4572 | CC． $472 \mathrm{PF} / 1 \mathrm{KV}, \mathrm{M}$ | 1 | C237 |
| 300－470－0222 | EC．47UF／160V，85C | 1 | C230 |
| 504－551－1203 | IC．T11203 | 1 | IC201 |
| 233－303－0673 | VR．B－30K 6 mm 立式 | 3 | VR204，VR205，VR206 |
| 233－101－0673 | VR．B－100H 6 mm 立式 | 2 | VR202，VR203 |
| 560－150－0001 | SPARK GAP 150V | 3 | SG201，SG202，SG203 |
| 411－100－0003 | 14＂15＂大的 CRT SOCKET | 1 |  |
| 630－001－2001 | BASE 1．56D 1P 6X9 | 1 | B207 |
| 630－001－3001 | BASE 2．36D 1P | 1 | B206 |
| 630－001－6001 | BASE 2．5D 1P | 1 | B503 |
| 630－003－4001 | BASE XH180 3P | 1 | B203 |
| 630－010－4001 | BASE XH180 10P | 1 | B201 |
| 631－004－1001 | CONN，4P 400mm 紅黑白藍 | 1 | 7V，12V，B＋，GND |
| 631－004－1280 | CONN．4P 280mm 黄綠白橙 | 1 | FOR B211 |
| 631－003－1400 | CONN．3P 400mm 黄藍灰 | 1 | FOR B202 |
| 560－150－0001 | 放型管150V | 3 | SG201，SG202，SG203 |

3
820-001-2682 TR ASS'Y (KSC2682) Q205,Q208,Q211
TR. ASS'Y (KSC2682) 820-001-2682
510-200-2682 TR.KSC2682(2SC1609 可代 3 Q205,Q208,Q211

4
MAIN BOARD 卧式自插（ $850-00 \mathrm{~N}-1735$ ）

| Part No． | Description | Quantity | Location |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 200－100－1428K | MAIN BOARD | 1 |  |
| 210－122－0456 | RES．1．2K1／4W，J TAP | 1 | R344 |
| 210－152－0256 | RES．1．5K1／2W，J TAP | 2 | R342，R912 |
| 210－152－0456 | RES．1．5K1／4W，J TAP | 5 | R311，R602，R620，R802 R803 |
| 210－182－0456 | RES．1．8K1／4W，J TAP | 1 | J58 |
| 210－1R5－0256 | RES．1．5H1／2W，${ }^{\text {T TAP }}$ | 1 | R313 |
| 210－102－0456 | RES．1K1／4W，J TAP | 8 | R318，R319，R510，R511 |
|  |  |  | R634，R818，R902，R921 |
| 210－105－0456 | RES．1M1／4W，J TAP | 1 | R804 |
| 210－222－0456 | RES． $2.2 \mathrm{~K} 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, \mathrm{~J}$ TAP | 2 | J60，R903 |
| 210－272－0456 | RES．2．7K1／4W，J TAP | 1 | R343 |
| 210－202－0456 | RES．2K1／4W，J TAP | 2 | R913，R914 |
| 210－332－0456 | RFS． $3.3 \mathrm{~K} 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, \mathrm{~J}$ TAP | 3 | R606，R608，R801 |
| 210－392－0456 | RES．3．9K1／4W，J TAP | 2 | R317，R807 |
| 210－472－0456 | RES．4．7K1／4W，J TAP | 4 | R340，R341，R521，R816 |
| 210－472－0856 | RES．4．7K1／8W，J TAP | 5 | R830，R831，R832，R833 |
|  |  |  | R922 |
| 210－562－0456 | RES．5．6K1／4W，J TAP | 1 | R305 |
| 210－682－0456 | RES．6．8K1／4W，J TAP | 4 | R307，R310，R812，R905 |
| 210－822－0456 | RES．8．2K1／4W，J TAP | 2 | R619，R908 |
| 210－822－0856 | RES．8．2K1／8W，J TAP | 1 | R920 |
| 210－103－0456 | RES． $10 \mathrm{~K} 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, \mathrm{~J}$ TAP | 10 | R509，R810，R811，R817 |
|  |  |  | R819，R820，R822，R823 |
|  |  |  | R910，R911 |
| 210－123－0456 | RES．12K1／4W，J TAP | 1 | R308 |
| 210－153－0256 | RES．15K1／2W，J TAP | 1 | R345 |
| 210－153－0456 | RES． $15 \mathrm{~K} 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, \mathrm{~J}$ TAP | 2 | R327，R611 |
| 210－203－0456 | RES． $20 \mathrm{~K} 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, \mathrm{~J}$ TAP | 1 | R808 |
| 210－223－0456 | RES $.22 \mathrm{Kl} 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, \mathrm{~J}$ TAP | 1 | R504 |
| 210－273－0456 | RES． $27 \mathrm{~K} 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, \mathrm{~J}$ TAP | 2 | R506，R515 |
| 210－303－0456 | RES．30K1／4W，J TAP | 1 | R508 |
| 210－333－0456 | RES． $33 \mathrm{~K} 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, \mathrm{~J}$ TAP | 3 | R301，R346，R609 |
| 210－473－0456 | RES．47K1／4W，J TAP | 3 | R304，R309，R314 |
| 210－563－0456 | RES． $56 \mathrm{~K} 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, \mathrm{~J}$ TAP | 1 | R607 |
| 210－104－0456 | RES． $100 \mathrm{~K} 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, \mathrm{~J}$ TAP | 1 | R906 |

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| 210-154-0456 | KES.150K1/4W, J TAP | 3 | R302,R503,R604 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 210-224-0256 | RES.220K1/2W,J TAP | 1 | R349 |
| 210-224-0456 | RES.220K1/4W,J TAP | 2 | R336,R809 |
| 210-220-0456 | RES. $22 \mathrm{HL} / 4 \mathrm{~W}, \mathrm{~J}$ TAP | 1 | R507 |
| 210-470-0256 | RES. $47 \mathrm{HL} / 2 \mathrm{~W}, \mathrm{~J}$ TAP | 1 | R617 |
| 210-470-0456 | RES. $47 \mathrm{HL} / 4 \mathrm{~W}, \mathrm{~J}$ TAP | 1 | R512 |
| 210-514-0456 | RES. $510 \mathrm{~K} 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, \mathrm{~J}$ TAP | 1 | R505 |
| 210-564-0456 | RES. $560 \mathrm{~K} 1 / 4 \mathrm{~W}, \mathrm{~J}$ TAP | 1 | R907 |
| 210-181-0456 | RES. $180 \mathrm{HI} / 4 \mathrm{~W}, \mathrm{~J}$ TAP | 1 | R524 |
| 210-221-0256 | RES. $220 \mathrm{H1} / 2 \mathrm{~W}, \mathrm{~J}$ TAP | 2 | R603,R612 |
| 210-221-0456 | RES.220H1/4W, J TAP | 1 | K613 |
| 210-391-0456 | RES $390 \mathrm{Hl} / 4 \mathrm{~W}, \mathrm{~J}$ TAP | 1 | R614 |
| 210-471-0456 | RES. $470 \mathrm{Hl} / 4 \mathrm{~W}, \mathrm{~J}$ TAP | 1 | R347 |
| 210-751-0456 | RES. $750 \mathrm{H1/4W,J} \mathrm{TAP}$ | 1 | R806 |
| 210-821-0456 | RES. $820 \mathrm{H1} / 4 \mathrm{~W}, \mathrm{~J}$ TAP | 1 | R909 |
| 210-512-0456 | RES.5.1K1/4W,J TAP | 1 | R635 |
| 221-041-3602 | RES.36K1/4W,F TAP | 1 | R303 |
| 520-001-4148 | DIODE 1 N4148 TAP | 7 | D907,D908,D909,D801 |
|  |  |  | D802,D803,D804 |
| 520-010-4002 | DIODE IN4002 TAP | 1 | D301 |
| 522-010-H105 | DIODE HER 105 TAP | 1 | D904 |
| $522-010-\mathrm{T} 52 \mathrm{M}$ | DIODE BYT52M TAP | 1 | D508 |
| 522-010-R103 | DIODE FR103 TAP | 2 | D504,D901 |
| 520-010-A159 | DIODE BA159 TAP | 2 | D502,D503 |
| 520-010-1003 | DIODE FF1003 TAP | 2 | D505,D605 |
| 522-020-H205 | DIODE HER205 TAP | 3 | D509,D510,D511 |
| 521-005-05C2 | ZENER DIODE S.lV TAP | 1 | ZD801 |
| 521-005-06C2 | ZENER DIODE 6.2V TAP | 1 | 2D601 |
| 521-005-09A2 | ZENER DIODE 9A2 TAP | 1 | ZD901 |
| 521-005-18C2 | ZENER DIODE 18V TAP | 2 | ZD501,ZD502 |
| 745-561-1062 | PEAKING 560UH,J TAP | 2 | L601,L801 |
| 622-106-0501 | JUMPER 0.6D*5mm TAP | 1 | J59 |
| 622-106-9101 | JUMPER 0.6D*7.5mm TAP | 14 | J3,J5,56, $112, \mathrm{~J} 13, \mathrm{~J} 21, \mathrm{~J} 23$ |
| 622-106-1001 | JUMPER 0.6D*10mm TAP | 19 | J41, J44, J50,J51, J52, J53 |
|  |  |  | J61 |
|  |  |  | J9,J8,J11, J14, $115, \mathrm{~J} 16, \mathrm{~J} 17$ |
|  |  |  | J18, J20,J22,J25,J36,J38 |
|  |  |  | J39, $545, \mathrm{~J} 47, \mathrm{~J} 48, \mathrm{~J} 49, \mathrm{~J} 55$ |

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| 622-106-9201 | JUMPER 0.6D*12.5mm TA | 17 | J2,J4, J10, J24, J26, J27, J28 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | J29,J35,J40, J42,J43,J46 |
|  |  |  | J54,J56,J57,J37 |
| 622-106-1501 | JUMPER 0.6D*15mm TAP | 4 | J1,J30,J33,J34 |
| MAIN BOARD 立 |  |  |  |
| 307-104-1580 | CC. $0.1 \mathrm{UF} / 50 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{Z}$ TAP | 8 | C303,C507,C511,C801 |
|  |  |  | C806,C808,C321,C814 |
| 307-103-1170 | CC. $0.01 \mathrm{UF} / 50 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~K}$ TAP | 1 | C621 |
| 307-560-1160 | CC. $56 \mathrm{PF} / 50 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~K}$ TAP | 2 | C802,C803 |
| 307-101-1160 | CC. $100 \mathrm{PF} / 50 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~K}$ TAP | 1 | C509 |
| 307-221-4570 | CC. $220 \mathrm{PF} / \mathrm{IKV}, \mathrm{K}$ TAP | 2 | C519,C541 |
| 307-221-1160 | CC. $220 \mathrm{PF} / 50 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~K}$ TAP | 1 | C608 |
| 307-471-4560 | CC.470PF/1KV,K TAP | 1 | C613 |
| 307-681-1160 | CC.680PF/50V,K TAP | 1 | C513 |
| 307-102-4570 | CC. $1000 \mathrm{PF} / 1 \mathrm{KV}, \mathrm{M} \mathrm{TAP}$ | 1 | C514 |
| 305-223-0550 | PEL.0.022UF/50V,J TAP | 1 | C605 |
| 305-222-0550 | PEL.0.0022UF/50V,J TAP | 1 | C360 |
| 305-472-0550 | PEL. $0.0047 \mathrm{UF} / 50 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~J}$ TAP | 1 | C341 |
| 318-104-6350 | MEF.0.1UF/63V,J TAP | 2 | C315,C905 |
| 318-224-6350 | MEF.0.22UF/63V,J TAP | 3 | C305,C314,C508 |
| 318-334-6350 | MEF.0.33UF/63V,J TAP | 1 | C306 |
| 313-153-0150 | PPN.0.015UF/100V,J TAP | 1 | C602 |
| 313-222-0150 | PPN.0.0022UF/100V,J TAP | 1 | C510 |
| 313-102-0150 | PPN. $102 \mathrm{PF} / 100 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~J}$ TAP | 1 | C601 |
| 300-1R0-5020 | EC.1UF/50V,85C TAP | 3 | C335,C606,C903 |
| 300-2R2-2520 | EC.2.2UF/25V,85C TAP | 1 | C603 |
| 300-4R7-2520 | EC.4.7UF/25V,85C TAP | 1 | C615 |
| 300-4R7-5020 | EC.4.7UF/50V,85C TAP | 1 | C616 |
| 300-100-2520 | EC. $10 \mathrm{UF} / 25 \mathrm{~V}, 85 \mathrm{C}$ TAP | 4 | C302,C333,C809,C904 |
| 300-470-2520 | EC.47UF/25V,85C TAP | 3 | C310,C311,C320 |
| 300-470-5020 | EC.47UF/50V,85C TAP | 1 | C512 |
| 300-101-2520 | EC. $100 \mathrm{UF} / 25 \mathrm{~V}, 85 \mathrm{C}$ TAP | 5 | C309,C506,C609,C804 |
|  |  |  | C805 |
| 300-221-2520 | EC.220UF/25V,85C TAP | 1 | C312 |
| 302-1R0-2520 | NP.1UF/25V,85C TAP | 1 | C304 |
| 302-100-2520 | NP.10UF/25V,85C TAP | 1 | C313 |


| 510－000－0733 | TR．2SA733 TAP | 7 | Q301，Q304，Q308，Q805 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | Q806，Q807，Q902 |
| 510－023－0945 | TR．2SC945 TAP | 6 | Q303，Q801，Q802，Q804 |
|  |  |  | Q903，S601 |
| 510－023－1213 | TR．2SC1213 TAP | 3 | Q302，Q601，Q904 |
| 510－200－0422 | TR．BF422 TAP | 1 | Q504 |
| 510－200－0423 | TR．BF423 TAP | 1 | Q306 |
| MAIN BOARD 手插（851－001－1735） |  |  |  |
| 213－R68－1059 | MOF．0．68H／1W，J 臨式 | 1 | R315 |
| 213－101－1059 | MOF．100H／1W，J 臥式 | 2 | R316，R815 |
| 213－331－1059 | MOF． $330 \mathrm{H} / 1 \mathrm{~W}$ ，J 臥式 | 1 | R618 |
| 213－R22－2059 | MOF．0．22H／2W，J 臥式 | 1 | R513 |
| 213－103－2059 | MOF．10K／2W，J 臥式 | 1 | R522 |
| 213－181－2059 | MOF．180H／2W，J 臥式 | 2 | R548，R615 |
| 213－122－2055 | MOF．1．2K／2W，J立式 | 1 | R520 |
| 213－2R2－2055 | MOF．2．21／2W，J 立式 | 1 | R339 |
| 213－100－2055 | MOF． $10 \mathrm{H} / 2 \mathrm{~W}$ ，J 立式 | 1 | R518 |
| 213－1R0－3055 | MOF．1H／3W，J立式 | 1 | R633 |
| 213－273－3059 | MOF． $27 \mathrm{~K} / 3 \mathrm{~W}$ ，J 臨式 | 2 | R514，R526 |
| 213－124－3059 | MOF．120K／3W，J臥式 | 1 | R502 |
| 213－331－3059 | MOF．330H／3W，J臥式 | 1 | R516 |
| 218－5R0－0871 | 熱敏娌阻 NTC 5H | 1 | R501 |
| 219－140－0872 | 熱敏䉓阻PTC 14H | 1 | PT501 |
| 307－103－4572 | CC． $0.01 \mathrm{UF} / 1 \mathrm{KV}, \mathrm{M}$ | 3 | C516，C530，C550 |
| 319－471－2062 | CC．470PF／2KVTan＜0．5\％ | 1 | C612 |
| 315－104－2663 | X－CAP 0．1UF／250VAC，M | 1 | C501 |
| 317－222－2572 | Y－CAP 0．0022UF／250VAC，M |  | C503，C504 |
| 317－472－4072 | Y－CAP 4700PF／400V，M | 1 | C517 |
| 313－103－0652 | PPN．0．01UF／630V，J | 1 | C620 |
| 309－824－0252 | MPP． $0.82 \mathrm{UF} / 250 \mathrm{~V}, \mathrm{~J}$ | 1 | C630 |
| 310－472－2052 | PHM．0．0047UF／2KV，J | 1 | C611 |
| 300－102－2522 | EC． $1000 \mathrm{UF} / 25 \mathrm{~V}, 85 \mathrm{C}$ | 3 | C308，C523，C525 |
| 300－100－0422 | EC． $100 \mathrm{~F} / 200 \mathrm{~V}, 85 \mathrm{C}$ 短脷 | 1 | C902 |
| 300－220－0322 | EC．22UF／200V，85C | 1 | C521 |
| 300－470－0222 | EC．47UF／160V，85C | 2 | C520，C527 |
| 300－221－0522 | EC．220uF／400V，85C | 1 | C505 |
| 300－471－2522 | EC．470UF／25V，85C | 1 | C524 |
| 300－471－3522 | EC．470UF／35V，85C | 1 | C526 |

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| 300－102－1622 | EC． $1000 \mathrm{UF} / 16 \mathrm{~V}, 85 \mathrm{C}$ | 1 | C307 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 300－222－1622 | EC．2200UF／16V，85C | 1 | C316 |
| 316－4R7－5072 | BP．4．7UF／50V | 1 | C334 |
| 523－030－6001 | BRIDGE DIODE KBL06 4A | 1 | BD501 |
| 522－020－H306 | DIODE HER306 | 1 | D610 |
| 522－020－H307 | DIODE HER307 3A／800 | 2 | D602，D609 |
| 522－020－H308 | DIODE HER308 3A／1KV | 2 | D506，D507 |
| 510－010－0988 | TR．2SB988Y | 1 | Q503 |
| 233－302－0677 | VR．B－3K 6 mm 悩式 | 1 | VR310 |
| 233－502－0677 | VR．B－5K 6 mm 臨式 | 2 | VR501，VR602 |
| 233－103－0677 | VR．B－10K 6 mm 臥式 | 1 | VR601 |
| 233－104－0677 | VR．B－100K 6 mm 挋式 | 1 | VR901 |
| 234－202－0877 | VR．B－2K 8mm 臥式 | 1 | VR305 |
| 745－180－2063 | CHOKE 18UH | 3 | L502，L503，L604 |
| 745－181－2063 | CHOKE 180UH 14＊17 | 1 | L602 |
| 740－9R9－3083 | H－LINEARITY 9．9UH | 1 | L603 |
| 750－255－1415 | LINE FILTER 25MH（EI－28） | 1 | L501 |
| 730－202－1448 | TRANSFORMER H－DRIVER |  | T601 |
| 730－102－1735 | TRANSFORMER EI40 | 1 | T501 |
| 531－358－1436 | RESONATOR 3．58MHZ | 1 | X801 |
| 730－302－1436 | FBT | 1 | T602 |
| 120－002－1436 | 大的 FBT 固定具 | 1 | FOR FBT |
| 100－008－3032 | SCREW R3＊8mm ISO | 1 | FOR FBT 固定具 |
| 104－008－4012 | SCREW T4＊8mm TPl | 1 | FOR FBT 固定具 |
| 550－141－3000 | FUSE 3A／250V 20 mm | 1 | F501 |
| 551－021－0001 | FUSE CLIP 20 mm | 2 | FOR F501 |
| 524－002－0201 | LED GREEN 3mm 2PIN | 1 | B504 |
| 504－800－9102 | IC．TDA9102C | 1 | IC601 |
| 504－200－3842 | IC．KA3842B | 1 | IC501 |
| 504－150－4N35 | IC．T4N35（TOSHIBA） | 1 | 1C501 |
| 503－100－8041 | IC．WT8041 | 1 | IC801 |
| 630－001－2001 | BASE 1．56D IP 6X9 | 2 | TP2，TP3 |
| 630－002－2002 | BASE 1．56D 2P 6X9 | 1 | B502 |
| 630－002－5002 | WAFER 3.96 3P 抽 1P | 1 | B501 |
| 630－003－4001 | BASE XH180 3P | 3 | B302，B303，B903 |
| 630－004－4001 | BASE XH180 4P | 3 | B503，B801，B902 |
| 630－006－4001 | BASE XH180 6P | 1 | B601 |
| 630－004－3001 | BASE 2．36D 4P DY | 1 | B602 |
| 630－006－2001 | BASE 1．56D 6P 6X9 DY | 1 | B602A |


| 621－100－0501 | CONN．1015\＃22 100mm 棕 | 1 | TP1 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 620－050－0400 | WIRE 1015\＃18 50 mm 黑 | 1 | A－A |
| 735－014－1436 | DEGAUSSING COIL | 1 |  |
| 635－001－1428 | GROUNDING | 1 |  |
| 610－091－1003 | SIGNAL CABLE（1436） | 1 |  |
| 621－395－0212 | 1015\＃18 3．96D3P 抽1，395mm |  |  |
| 820－001－8172 | K ASS＇Y（TDA8172） |  | IC301 |
| 820－001－2485 | MOSFET．ASS＇Y（2SK2485） |  | Q501 |
| 820－001－5149 | TR．ASS＇Y（2SC5149） |  | Q602 |
| 820－001－1414 | TR．ASS＇Y（2SD1414） |  | Q306 |
| 830－002－1735 | VR ASS＇Y |  |  |
| 850－002－1735 | POWER BOARD ASS＇Y |  |  |
| 垂直 IC 加工縕品（820－001－8172）IC ASS＇Y TDA8172 |  |  |  |
| 504－900－8172 | IC．TDA8172 | 1 | IC301 |
| 120－001－8172 | HEAT SINK | 1 |  |
| 100－010－3032 | SCREW R3＊${ }^{10 \mathrm{~mm}}$ ISO | 1 |  |
| 111－314－0032 | 3D SPRING WASHER | 1 |  |
| 110－003－2054 | NUT | 1 |  |
| 540－100－T220 | 矽膠片 TO－220 | 1 |  |
| 水平晶體加工組品（820－001－5149）TR．ASS＇Y 2 SC5149 |  |  |  |
| 510－023－5149 | TR．2SC5149 | 1 | Q602 |
| 120－002－5250 | HEAT SINK 没秃點 | 1 |  |
| 100－012－3032 | SCREW R3＊ 12 mm ISO | 1 |  |
| 111－314－0032 | 3D SPRING WASHER | 1 |  |
| 110－003－2054 | NUT | 1 |  |
| POWER MOSFET 加工組品（820－001－2485）TR．ASS＇Y 2SK2485 |  |  |  |
| 511－001－2485 | MOSFET 2SK2485 | 1 | Q501 |
| 120－001－1794 | HEAT SINK | 1 |  |
| 106－014－3032 | SCREW R3＊${ }^{\text {14mm }}$ ISO | 1 |  |
| 111－314－0032 | 3D SPRING WASHER | 1 |  |
| 110－003－2054 | NUT | 1 |  |
| 540－100－1001 | 絕緣片SRTO－3P | 1 |  |

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TR．ASS＇Y TIP122（820－001－P122）

| $510-070-0122$ | TR．TTP122 | 1 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $120-001-\mathrm{P} 122$ | HEAT SINK $15 \times 23 \times 60$ | 1 |
| $104-006-3032$ | SCREW R／W3＊6mm ISO | 1 |

VR ASS＇Y（830－002－1735）

| $200-700-1428 \mathrm{~K}$ | VR PCB | 1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $234-103-0877$ | VR．B－10K 8mm 臥式 | 3 | VR201，VR309，VR604 |
| $234-502-0877$ | VR．B－5K 8mm 臥式 | 2 | VR302，VR307 |
| $234-104-0877$ | VR．B－100K 8mm 臥式 | 1 | VR902 |
| $631-017-1735$ | CONNECTOR 17－18P | 1 |  |

POWER BOARD ASS＇Y（850－002－1735）卧式自插

| $200-300-1428 \mathrm{~K}$ | POWER PCB | 1 |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $210-154-0456$ | RES．150K1／4W，J TAP | 2 | R331，R332 |
| $210-223-0456$ | RES．22K1／4W，J TAP | 2 | R333，R334 |
| $210-332-0456$ | RES．3．3K1／4W，J TAP | 2 | R337，R338 |
| $210-433-0456$ | RES．43K1／4W，J TAP | 1 | R335 |

POWER BOARD ASS＇Y（850－22T－1735）立式自插
318－104－6350 MEF．0．1UF／63V，J TAP 1
300－100－2520 EC．10UF／25V 85C TAP 2
300－R47－5020 EC．0．47U／50V 85C TAP 1

C338
300－100－2520 EC．10UF／25V 85C TAP 2
300－R47－5020 EC．0．47U／50V 85C TAP 1
C330

POWER BOARD ASS＇Y（851－002－1735）手插件

| $233-103-0677$ | VR．B－10K 6mm 臥式 | 1 | VR301 |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 233－102－0677 | VR．B－1K 6mm 臥式 | 1 | VR304 |
| $504-200-3080$ | IC．CA3080E H9627 | 1 | IC302 |
| $630-009-4001$ | WAFTER 9P2．54 插 PCB90 | 1 | P301 |


 (4.30k series


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