Material Safety Data Sheet



Soder-Wick® Rosin Desoldering Braid

1. Product and company identification

Product name : Soder-Wick® Rosin Desoldering Braid

Supplier : ITW Chemtronics

8125 Cobb Center Drive Kennesaw, GA 30152

Tel. 770-424-4888 or toll free 800-645-5244

Synonym : Soder-Wick® Rosin, Soder-Wick® Rosin SD, Soder-Wick® Rosin BGA.

Various codes based on size and flux type, including but not limited to:

50, 80, 90 Series (All Part Numbers)

Trade name : Desoldering Wick

Desoldering Braid

Material uses : Electronic Circuit Board Repair - Solder Removal

Manufacturer : ITW Chemtronics

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Code : Soder-Wick® Rosin, Soder-Wick® Rosin SD, Soder-Wick® Rosin BGA. Various codes

based on size and flux type, including but not limited to: 50, 80, 90 Series (All Part

Numbers)

 MSDS #
 : 1403

 Validation date
 : 5/17/2013.

 Print date
 : 5/17/2013.

<u>In case of emergency</u>: Chemtrec - 1-800-424-9300 or collect 703-527-3887

24/7

Product type : Solid.

2. Hazards identification

Emergency overview

Physical state : Solid. [Metal.]

Color : Copper.

Odor : wood rosin

Hazard statements : CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE.

Precautionary measures : Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product. Wash thoroughly after handling.

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard

(29 CFR 1910.1200).

Potential acute health effects

Inhalation : Vapor/soldering fumes May be irritating to eyes, skin and respiratory system. May cause

sensitization by inhalation and skin contact.

Ingestion : Routes of entry not anticipated:

Skin: May cause skin irritation. May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Eyes: May cause eye irritation.

Potential chronic health effects

Chronic effects : Contains material that can cause target organ damage.

Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

2. Hazards identification

Teratogenicity

Developmental effects

Fertility effects

Target organs

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

: Contains material which causes damage to the following organs: eye, lens or cornea. Contains material which may cause damage to the following organs: kidneys, lungs,

liver, gastrointestinal tract, upper respiratory tract, skin.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Inhalation : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

respiratory tract irritation

May cause sensitization by inhalation.

Ingestion : Routes of entry not anticipated:

Skin : Adverse symptoms may include the following:irritation

sensitizer

May cause allergic reactions in certain individuals.

: Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Medical conditions aggravated by overexposure

Eyes

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Name	CAS number	%
copper	7440-50-8	90 - 98

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

4. First aid measures

Eye contact : Check for and remove any contact lenses. Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical

for at least 15 minutes, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Get medical

attention immediately.

Skin contact : In case of contact, immediately flush skin with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes

while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean

shoes thoroughly before reuse. Get medical attention immediately.

Inhalation : Move exposed person to fresh air. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if

respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. Get medical attention

immediately.

Ingestion : Wash out mouth with water. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical

personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical

attention immediately.

Protection of first-aiders: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

Notes to physician : No specific treatment. Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

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5. Fire-fighting measures

Flammability of the product : Non-flammable.

Extinguishing media

Suitable

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

Not suitable

: None known.

Special exposure hazards

: Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products Decomposition products may include the following materials: metal oxide/oxides

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8).

Environmental precautions

: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.

Methods for cleaning up

Small spill

: Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

7. Handling and storage

Handling

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Storage

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Ingredient	Exposure limits
copper	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012). Notes: as Cu
	TWA: 1 mg/m³, (as Cu) 8 hours. Form: Dust and mist OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). Notes: as Cu
	TWA: 1 mg/m³, (as Cu) 8 hours. Form: Dusts and Mists TWA: 0.1 mg/m³, (as Cu) 8 hours. Form: Fume
	NIOSH REL (United States, 1/2013).
	TWA: 1 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Dusts and Mists
	OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2010).
	TWA: 1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Dusts and Mists
	TWA: 0.1 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Fume
	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2012).
	TWA: 0.2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Fume

Recommended monitoring procedures

: If this product contains ingredients with exposure limits, personal, workplace atmosphere or biological monitoring may be required to determine the effectiveness of the ventilation or other control measures and/or the necessity to use respiratory protective equipment. Reference should be made to appropriate monitoring standards. Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

Engineering measures

 Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period.

Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Personal protection Respiratory

: Use a properly fitted, particulate filter respirator complying with an approved standard if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Respirator selection must be based on known or anticipated exposure levels, the hazards of the product and the safe working limits of the selected respirator.

Hands

Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Eyes

Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Soder-Wick® Rosin Desoldering Braid

9. Physical and chemical properties

Physical state : Solid. [Metal.] Color Copper. Odor : wood rosin **Boiling/condensation point** : 318°C (604.4°F)

10. Stability and reactivity

Chemical stability : The product is stable. Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: Strong oxidizing materials alkalis

Hazardous decomposition

products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should

not be produced.

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

11. Toxicological information

Acute toxicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Chronic toxicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Conclusion/Summary

Skin

: May cause sensitization by skin contact.

Eyes : May cause mild eye irritation.

Respiratory : May cause sensitization by inhalation. Inhalation of this material may cause sensitive

individuals to develop eczema and/or occupational asthma.

Sensitizer

Conclusion/Summary

Carcinogenicity

: Not available.

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

: Not available.

: Not available. Conclusion/Summary

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity : Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large

quantities.

Aquatic ecotoxicity

12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
copper	Acute EC50 1100 µg/l Fresh water Acute EC50 2.1 µg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Lemna minor Daphnia - Daphnia longispina - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	4 days 48 hours
	Acute IC50 13 μg/l Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute IC50 5.4 mg/l Marine water	Aquatic plants - Plantae - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute LC50 0.072 µg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Amphipoda - Adult	48 hours
	Acute LC50 7.56 μg/l Marine water	Fish - Periophthalmus waltoni - Adult	96 hours
	Chronic NOEC 2.5 µg/l Marine water	Algae - Nitzschia closterium - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Chronic NOEC 7 mg/l Fresh water	Aquatic plants - Ceratophyllum demersum	3 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.02 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - Cambarus bartonii - Mature	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 2 µg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 days
	Chronic NOEC 0.8 μg/l Fresh water	Fish - Oreochromis niloticus - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	6 weeks

Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Persistence/degradability
Conclusion/Summary

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

13. Disposal considerations

Waste disposal

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations.

Refer to Section 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE and Section 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION for additional handling information and protection of employees.

14. Transport information

Soder-Wick® Rosin Desoldering Braid

14. Transport information

Regulatory information	UN number	Proper shipping name	Classes	PG*	Label	Additional information
DOT Classification	Not regulated.	Wire	-	-		Not regulated.
TDG Classification	Not regulated.	Wire	-	-		Not regulated.
Mexico Classification	Not regulated.	Wire	-	-		Not regulated.
ADR/RID Class	Not regulated.	Wire	-	-		Not regulated.
IMDG Class	Not regulated.	Wire	-	-		Not regulated.
IATA-DGR Class	Not regulated.	Wire	-	-		Not regulated.

PG*: Packing group

15. Regulatory information

HCS Classification : Target organ effects

U.S. Federal regulations : TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): All components are listed or exempted.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: copper

Clean Air Act Section 112 : Listed

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)**

Clean Air Act Section 602 : Not listed

Class I Substances

Clean Air Act Section 602 : Not listed

Class II Substances

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)

: Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification : Delayed (chronic) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	_	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
copper	90 - 98	No.	No.	No.	No.	Yes.

SARA 313

15. Regulatory information

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	copper	7440-50-8	90 - 98
Supplier notification	copper	7440-50-8	90 - 98

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the MSDS and any copying and redistribution of the MSDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the MSDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts: The following components are listed: COPPERNew York: The following components are listed: CopperNew Jersey: The following components are listed: COPPER

Pennsylvania : The following components are listed: COPPER FUME; ROSIN CORE SOLDER

PYROLYSIS PRODUCTS

Canada inventory

International regulations

International lists : Australia inventory (AICS): All components are listed or exempted.

: All components are listed or exempted.

China inventory (IECSC): All components are listed or exempted.

Japan inventory: Not determined.

Korea inventory: All components are listed or exempted.

Malaysia Inventory (EHS Register): All components are listed or exempted.

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC): All components are listed or exempted.

Philippines inventory (PICCS): All components are listed or exempted.

Taiwan inventory (CSNN): Not determined.

Chemical Weapons

Convention List Schedule

I Chemicals

Chemical Weapons

Convention List Schedule

II Chemicals

Chemical Weapons

Convention List Schedule

III Chemicals

: Not listed

: Not listed

: Not listed

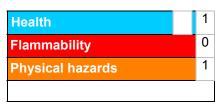
16. Other information

Label requirements

: CONTAINS MATERIAL THAT CAN CAUSE TARGET ORGAN DAMAGE.

Hazardous Material

Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks Although HMIS® ratings are not required on MSDSs under 29 CFR 1910. 1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered mark of the National Paint & Coatings Association (NPCA). HMIS® materials may be purchased exclusively from J. J. Keller (800) 327-6868.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material.

National Fire Protection

Association (U.S.A.)

16. Other information



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